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CLASS-9<sup>TH</sup>

## (BASED ON N C E R T PATTERN)

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HISTORY

SOCIALISM IN EUROPE AND THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION

SHORT NOTES OF:-

- 1. KULAKS
- 2. THE DUMA
- 3. Women workers between 1900 and 1930
- 4. THE LIBERALS.
- 5. STALIN'S COLLECTIVISATION PROGRAMMES

(1) KULAKS

It is the Russian term for wealthy peasants who Stalin believed were hoarding grains to gain more profit. By 1927-28 the towns of Soviet Russia were facing an acute problem of grain supplies. Kulaks were thought to be partly responsible for this. Also to develop modern farms and run them along industrial lines the Party under the leadership of Stalin thought it was necessary to eliminate Kulaks.

(2) THE DUMA

During 1905 Revolution, the Tsar allowed the creation of an elected consultative parliament in Russia. This elected consultative parliament in Russia was called Duma.

(3) WOMEN WORKERS BETWEEN 1900 AND 1930

They made up 31% of the factory labour force by 1914 but were paid almost half and three-quarters of the wages given to men. However, interestingly, it was the women workers who led the way to strikes during the February Revolution.

## (4) THE LIBERALS

They espoused a nation that was tolerant towards all religions; one that would protect individual rights against the government. Although the liberals wanted an elected parliamentary form of governance, they believed that the right to vote must only belong to men and that too the ones who were property holders.

(5) STALIN'S COLLECTIVISATION PROGRAMMES

Stalin's Collectivisation program was independent cultivation. But not treated like that. Stalin forced to farmers to cultivate in each and every lands. They started new techniques to grow better. The equipments were new, profit from the land had to share. Many farmers we're fell down because Stalin engaged with another business. So there livelihood fell down. Farmers were not ready to work another farms. They only wanted to cultivate. They were against to socialism.

## MR. ANANT KUMAR